

Ahsay Online Backup Manager v7 Microsoft SQL Server Backup and Restore Guide

Ahsay Systems Corporation Limited

22 March 2018

A wholly owned subsidiary of Ahsay Backup Software Development Company Limited HKEx Stock Code: 8290

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Revision History

Date	Descriptions	Type of modification
29 July 2016	First Draft	New
22 Aug 2016	Modify Ch 1.5, Appendix B	Modify
30 Aug 2016	Add Ch 1.6, Recovery Model	New
3 Feb 2017	Added instructions and screen shots for Encryption key handling in Ch. 4.1	New
28 Feb 2017	Added Encryption Type option in Ch. 4.1 Creating Backup Set for Microsoft SQL Server	New
20 Mar 2017	Added Ch.1 Overview; Added Ch.5 Backup Mode; Revised Create Backup Backup Set section	New / Modification
7 Apr 2017	Added Backup Mode section; Revised Appendix B Truncating Transaction Log section, Added relevant information for backup of transaction log	New / Modification
22 March 2018	Rearrange the structure of Requirements to be VSS Backup Mode and ODBC Backup Mode for Ch.2; Added items for Requirements for Ch.2; Added items for Best Practice and Recommendation for Ch.3.2; Rearrange the structure of Limitation for Ch.4	New / Modification

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1 Overview

What is this software?

Ahsay brings you specialized client backup software, namely AhsayOBM, to provide a comprehensive backup solution for your MS SQL Server. The MS SQL Server module of AhsayOBM provides you with a set of tools to protect your MS SQL Server, whether in VSS backup mode or ODBC backup mode.

System Architecture

Below is the system architecture diagram illustrating the major elements involved in the backup process among the MS SQL server, AhsayOBM and AhsayCBS.

In this user guide, we will focus on the software installation, as well as the end-to-end backup and restore process using the AhsayOBM as a client backup software.



2 Requirements

You are strongly recommended to configure or check all the requirements below before you proceed with the MS SQL server backup and restoration.

From v7.11.0.0 onwards, AhsayOBM supports 2 backup modes when creating a backup set for MS SQL server, VSS mode and ODBC mode.

VSS Backup Mode

The VSS-based backup utilizing the Microsoft SQL Server VSS Writer to obtain a consistent snapshot of the MS SQL databases, no spooling / staging of database file(s) is required during the backup process.

Hardware Requirement

Refer to the following article for the list of hardware requirements for AhsayOBM: <u>FAQ: Ahsay</u> <u>Hardware Requirement List (HRL) for version 7.3 or above</u>

Software Requirement

Refer to the following article for the list of compatible operating systems and application versions: FAQ: Ahsay Software Compatibility List (SCL) for version 7.3 or above

AhsayOBM Installation

Make sure the latest version of AhsayOBM has been installed on the MS SQL server.

AhsayOBM Add-On Module Configuration

Make sure the Microsoft SQL Server feature has been enabled as an add-on module in your AhsayOBM user account. Contact your backup service provider for more details.

Backup Quota Requirement

Make sure that your AhsayOBM user account has sufficient storage quota assigned to accommodate the storage of MS SQL Server backup set and retention policy.

Continuous Backup Module

The continuous backup add-on module is required if you would like to enable the continuous backup feature.

Java Heap Size

The default Java heap size setting on AhsayOBM is 2048MB. For MS SQL Server backup it is highly recommended to increase the Java heap size setting to be at least 4096MB to improve backup and restore performance. The actual heap size is dependent on amount of free memory available on your MS SQL server.

User Account Privileges

Make sure the operating system account that performs the backup and restore has the sufficient permission to access both SQL server and VSS.

Temporary Directory Folder

- The temporary directory folder is used by AhsayOBM for storing backup set index files and incremental/differential delta files. To ensure optimal backup/restoration performance, it is recommended that the temporary directory folder to be set to a local drive. The temporary folder should not be located on Windows system partition or the database partition to minimize any potential performance impact on Windows or database.
- 2. It is recommended that the temporary directory folder should have at least free disk space of 50% of the total database size because the default Delta ratio is 50%. The actual free disk space required depends on various factors including the size of the database, number of backup destinations, backup frequency, in-file delta settings etc.
- 3. The SQL Windows service must have read and write permission to the temporary directory.

SQL Server VSS Writer

Make sure the **SqlServerWriter** has been installed and running on the SQL server, and the writer state is **Stable**. This can be verified by running the "**vssadmin list writers**" command in the Windows Command Prompt.

If you do not find the SqlServerWriter in the result, make sure the SQL Server VSS Writer has been started by following the instructions in <u>Windows Services</u> section below.

Example:

```
C:\Users\Administrator>vssadmin list writers
vssadmin 1.1 - Volume Shadow Copy Service administrative command-
line tool
(C) Copyright 2001-2005 Microsoft Corp.
Writer name: 'Task Scheduler Writer'
  Writer Id: {d61d61c8-d73a-4eee-8cdd-f6f9786b7124}
  Writer Instance Id: {1bddd48e-5052-49db-9b07-b96f96727e6b}
  State: [1] Stable
  Last error: No error
Writer name: 'VSS Metadata Store Writer'
  Writer Id: {75dfb225-e2e4-4d39-9ac9-ffaff65ddf06}
  Writer Instance Id: {088e7a7d-09a8-4cc6-a609-ad90e75ddc93}
  State: [1] Stable
  Last error: No error
Writer name: 'Performance Counters Writer'
  Writer Id: {Obada1de-01a9-4625-8278-69e735f39dd2}
  Writer Instance Id: {f0086dda-9efc-47c5-8eb6-a944c3d09381}
  State: [1] Stable
  Last error: No error
Writer name: 'SqlServerWriter'
   Writer Id: {a65faa63-5ea8-4ebc-9dbd-a0c4db26912a}
  Writer Instance Id: {3de4f842-4d57-4198-9949-3b3f8c2629dc}
   State: [1] Stable
  Last error: No error
Writer name: 'System Writer'
   Writer Id: {e8132975-6f93-4464-a53e-1050253ae220}
   Writer Instance Id: {32d2fccc-624f-4baa-beb3-17b27fcae9ee}
   State: [1] Stable
   Last error: No error
```

```
Writer name: 'ASR Writer'
  Writer Id: {be000cbe-11fe-4426-9c58-531aa6355fc4}
   Writer Instance Id: {e8580fb0-b51f-40ab-91bf-4eff5107c4d1}
   State: [1] Stable
  Last error: No error
Writer name: 'WMI Writer'
  Writer Id: {a6ad56c2-b509-4e6c-bb19-49d8f43532f0}
   Writer Instance Id: {de1b6322-1d96-4f85-adbf-05cb517322ea}
   State: [1] Stable
  Last error: No error
Writer name: 'BITS Writer'
  Writer Id: {4969d978-be47-48b0-b100-f328f07ac1e0}
   Writer Instance Id: {a623b49f-a3d4-42d2-af9a-4e924fb31262}
   State: [1] Stable
  Last error: No error
Writer name: 'Registry Writer'
   Writer Id: {afbab4a2-367d-4d15-a586-71dbb18f8485}
   Writer Instance Id: {cc6b42f1-ebd0-429f-b3d3-e860905d40d3}
  State: [1] Stable
  Last error: No error
Writer name: 'Shadow Copy Optimization Writer'
   Writer Id: {4dc3bdd4-ab48-4d07-adb0-3bee2926fd7f}
   Writer Instance Id: {957ff981-d54f-4a1f-8798-bd9bd76396bd}
  State: [1] Stable
  Last error: No error
Writer name: 'COM+ REGDB Writer'
   Writer Id: {542da469-d3e1-473c-9f4f-7847f01fc64f}
   Writer Instance Id: {801fea63-6bfc-406d-9a40-4ad5af484773}
   State: [1] Stable
   Last error: No error
```

MS SQL Server Volumes

MS SQL Server volumes must use a file system which supports the use of VSS snapshot, for example NTFS.

Windows Services

Ensure that the following services have been enabled in the Windows Services menu.

Launch **Services** in Windows by clicking **Start** then typing "Services" in the search box. All MS SQL server related services should be started by default, in case if it is not, turn it on by right clicking the item then selecting **Start**.

1. SQL Server VSS Writer

Action View	Help					
> 📰 📰	Q 🔒 🛛 🖬 🕨 🔳 🕪					
vices (Local)	🖏 Services (Local)					
	SQL Server VSS Writer	Name Name	Description St Provides S	tatus Star Mar	rtup Type Log On As	
	Stop the service Restart the service	SQL Full-text Filter Daemon Launcher (MSSQ SQL Server (MSSQLSERVER)		tarted Mar		
	Description:	SQL Server Agent (MSSQLSERVER)	Executes j Supplies on St	Mar tarted Aut	nual NT Servic omatic NT Servic	
	Provides the interface to backup/restore Microsoft SQL server through the Windows VSS infrastructure.	💁 SQL Server Browser 🧟 SQL Server Distributed Replay Client	Provides 5 One or mor	Disa Mar	abled Local Service nual NT Servic	
		SQL Server Distributed Replay Controller	Provides tr Provides m St		omatic NT Servic	
		SQL Server Reporting Services (MSSQLSERVER)	Manages, St Provides th St		omatic NT Servic omatic Local System	
		SSDP Discovery	Discovers		abled Local Service	1
		System Event Notification Service			omatic Local System omatic Local System	
		TCP/IP NetBIOS Helper			omatic Local System	
		CamViewer 11	TeamViewe St Provides T	tarted Aut Mar	omatic Local System nual Network S	
		Thread Ordering Server	Provides or ThinPrint	Mar Mar	ual Local Service	
		TP VC Gateway Service TPM Base Services	ThinPrint c	Mar Mar	ual Local System	
		Q UPnP Device Host	Allows UPn St	Disa	abled Local Service omatic Local System	
		Virtual Disk VMware Snapshot Provider	Provides m	Mar Mar Mar	nual Local System	
		VMware Enlapshot Providen VMware Tools Service Volume Shadow Copy			omatic Local System	
		Volume Snadow Copy Snadow Copy Windows Audio Mindows Audio Endpoint Builder	Manages a Manages a Manages a	Mar Mar Mar	ual Local Service	
		Windows CardSpace	Manages a Securely e The WcsPl	Mar Mar Mar	ual Local System	
		Windows Color System		Mar Mar		

2. SQL Server Services

ervices						
Action View	Help					
a 🗊 🗊 🌾) 📑 🛛 🖬 🕨 🔳 🕕 🕨					
iervices (Local)	🔕 Services (Local)					
	Volume Shadow Copy	Name 🔺		itatus Startup Type	Log On As	
		Software Protection	Enables th	Automatic (D		
	Start the service	Special Administration Console Helper	Allows adm	Manual	Local System	
		SPP Notification Service	Provides S	Manual	Local Service	.
	Description:	SQL Full-text Filter Daemon Launcher (M	Service to I S	itarted Manual	NT Servic	
	Manages and implements Volume Shadow	SQL Server (MSSQLSERVER)	Provides st 9	itarted Automatic	NT Servic	
	Copies used for backup and other purposes. If this service is stopped,	SQL Server Agent (MSSQLSERVER)	Executes j	Manual	NT Servic	
	shadow copies will be unavailable for	SQL Server Analysis Services (MSSQLSE	Supplies on 9	itarted Automatic	NT Servic	
	backup and the backup may fail. If this	🧠 SQL Server Browser	Provides S	Disabled	Local Service	
	service is disabled, any services that explicitly depend on it will fail to start.	🤹 SQL Server Distributed Replay Client	One or mor	Manual	NT Servic	
	explicitly depend on it will rail to start.	🤹 SQL Server Distributed Replay Controller	Provides tr	Manual	NT Servic	
		SQL Server Integration Services 11.0	Provides m 9	itarted Automatic	NT Servic	
		SQL Server Reporting Services (MSSQLS	Manages, 9	itarted Automatic	NT Servic	
		🔍 SQL Server VSS Writer	Provides th 9	Started Automatic	Local System	
		SSDP Discovery	Discovers	Disabled	Local Service	÷.,
		System Event Notification Service	Monitors s 9	itarted Automatic	Local System	
		🎑 Task Scheduler	Enables a S	Started Automatic	Local System	
		🎑 TCP/IP NetBIOS Helper	Provides s S	itarted Automatic	Local Service	
		🖏 TeamViewer 11	TeamViewe S	itarted Automatic	Local System	
		🎑 Telephony	Provides T	Manual	Network S	
		🎑 Thread Ordering Server	Provides or	Manual	Local Service	
		TP AutoConnect Service	ThinPrint	Manual	Local System	
		🎑 TP VC Gateway Service	ThinPrint c	Manual	Local System	
		TPM Base Services	Enables ac	Manual	Local Service	
		uPnP Device Host	Allows UPn	Disabled	Local Service	
		🔍 User Profile Service	This servic 9	itarted Automatic	Local System	
	Extended Standard					
_						

3. Volume Shadow Copy

Services						_	
File Action View	Help						
(= -> 	a 🗟 🚺 📷 🕨 🗉 🗤						
🤹 Services (Local)	🔅 Services (Local)						
	Volume Shadow Copy	Name 🔺	Description	Status	Startup Type	Log On As	-
	Start the service	🧠 Virtual Disk 🧟 VMware Snapshot Provider	Provides m VMware Sn		Manual Manual	Local System Local System	
	Description:	🔍 VMware Tools Service	Provides s Manages a	Started	Automatic Manual	Local System Local System	
	Manages and implements Volume Shadow Copies used for backup and other purposes. If this service is stopped,	Windows Audio	Manages a Manages a		Manual Manual	Local Service Local System	
	shadow copies will be unavailable for backup and the backup may fail. If this service is disabled, any services that	Windows CardSpace Windows Color System Windows Driver Foundation - User-mode	Securely e The WcsPl Manages u		Manual Manual Manual	Local System Local Service Local System	
	explicitly depend on it will fail to start.	Windows Driver Poundation - User-mode	Allows erro This servic		Manual Manual Manual	Local System Local System Network S	
		Windows Event Constant Windows Event Log	This servic Windows Fi	Started Started	Automatic	Local Service	
		Windows Font Cache Service	Optimizes Adds. modi	Started	Automatic (D Manual	Local Service Local System	
		Windows Management Instrumentation	Provides a Enables ins	Started	Automatic Manual	Local System Local System	
		Windows Presentation Foundation Font Windows Remote Management (WS-Man	Optimizes Windows R	Started	Manual Automatic (D	Local Service Network S	
		Windows Time Windows Update	Maintains d Enables th	Started	Manual Automatic (D	Local Service Local System	
		WinHTTP Web Proxy Auto-Discovery Ser	The Wired		Manual Manual	Local Service Local System	
		Section Adapter Section Workstation	Provides p Creates an	Started	Manual Automatic	Local System Network S	
	Extended Standard						

MS SQL Server Registry

Make sure the MS SQL entry is present in the registry key "HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Microsoft SQL Server\Instance Names\SQL".

🚮 Registry Editor _ 🗆 🗙 File Edit View Favorites Help 🗄 🌗 Internet Account Manager ▲ Name Туре Data 🗄 🍈 Internet Domains ab (Default) REG_SZ (value not set) 🗄 🍈 Internet Explorer MSSQLSERVER MSSQL11.MSSQLSERVER REG_SZ Microsoft SDKs 90 🗄 🚹 DACFramework ExceptionMessageBox 🚊 🌗 Instance Names 💧 OLAP RS 📔 🐌 SQL Hereit Microsoft Analysis Services ÷. MSAS11.MSSQLSERVER ÷ MSRS11.@Sharepoint ÷ MSRS11.MSSQLSERVER ÷ MSSOL11.MSSOLSERVER MSSQLServer ÷ ÷... RefCount + Reporting Services ÷ Services ÷ SharedManagementObjects ÷ 🚺 SqlDom ÷ sqlls ÷ 📔 SQLNCLIII ÷ SqlWriter E TSqlLanguageService Microsoft SQL Server 2005 Redist ÷ Þ

To access this path, type "regedit" in the command prompt to launch the Registry Editor.

Note: Pay extra attention when you are checking configuration in Registry Editor. Any unauthorized changes could cause interruption to the Windows operation.

MS SQL Recovery Model

VSS backup mode does not support backup of transaction log files, but for databases configured in either Full or Bulk-logging recovery model, this may eventually result in transaction logs filling up the available disk space on the volume of the MS SQL Server.

https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc966520.aspx.

To prevent this from occurring, you can modify the recovery model of database selected for backup to Simple.

Alternatively, to truncate the transaction log files, you can perform a transaction log backup manually (with the instruction provided in <u>Appendix B</u>), or create an additional MS SQL database backup set in ODBC backup mode to perform a transaction log backup.

Please refer to ODBC Backup Mode for further details.

ODBC Backup Mode

By using the ODBC mode for MS SQL backup, databases files are spooled to a temporary directory before being uploaded to the backup destination.

Hardware Requirement

Refer to the following article for the list of hardware requirements for AhsayOBM: <u>FAQ: Ahsay</u> <u>Hardware Requirement List (HRL) for version 7.3 or above</u>

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Java Heap Size

The default Java heap size setting on AhsayOBM is 2048MB. For MS SQL Server backup it is highly recommended to increase the Java heap size setting to be at least 4096MB to improve backup and restore performance. The actual heap size is dependent on amount of free memory available on your MS SQL server.

Temporary Directory Folder

- 1. The temporary directory folder is used by AhsayOBM for storing the database files, incremental/differential delta files and backup set index files. To ensure optimal backup/restoration performance, it is recommended that the temporary directory folder is set to a local drive.
- 2. The temporary folder should not be located on Windows system partition or the database partition to minimize any potential performance impact on Windows or database. If the temporary directory folder is located on a network drive, make sure the login account has sufficient permission to access the network resources.
- 3. Please refer to the following URL for more details:

https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/2926557/sql-server-vdi-backup-and-restoreoperations-require-sysadmin-privileg



https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc966520.aspx

- 4. It is recommended that the temporary directory folder should have at least free disk space of 150% of the total database size. The actual free disk space required depends on various factors including the size of the database, number of backup destinations, backup frequency, in-file delta settings etc.
- 5. The SQL Windows service must have read and write permission to the temporary directory.

Windows Services

Ensure that the following services have been enabled in the Windows Services menu.

Launch **Services** in Windows by clicking **Start** then typing "Services" in the search box. All MS SQL server related services should be started by default, in case if it is not, turn it on by right clicking the item then selecting **Start**.

1. SQL Server Services

ile Action View	Help						
	a 🗟 👔 🖬 🕨 🗉 🕩						
Services (Local)							
Services (Local)	🔅 Services (Local)	-					
	Volume Shadow Copy	Name 🔺	Description	Status	Startup Type	Log On As	
	rolance shadon copy	Software Protection	Enables th		Automatic (D	Network S	_
	Start the service	Special Administration Console Helper	Allows adm		Manual	Local System	
		SPP Notification Service	Provides S		Manual	Local Service	
	Description:	SQL Full-text Filter Daemon Launcher (M	Service to I	Started	Manual	NT Servic	
	Manages and implements Volume Shadow	SQL Server (MSSQLSERVER)	Provides st	Started	Automatic	NT Servic	
	Copies used for backup and other	SQL Server Agent (MSSQLSERVER)	Executes j		Manual	NT Servic	
	purposes. If this service is stopped, shadow copies will be unavailable for	SQL Server Analysis Services (MSSQLSE	Supplies on	Started	Automatic	NT Servic	
	backup and the backup may fail. If this	SQL Server Browser	Provides S		Disabled	Local Service	
	service is disabled, any services that	SQL Server Distributed Replay Client	One or mor		Manual	NT Servic	
	explicitly depend on it will fail to start.	SQL Server Distributed Replay Controller	Provides tr		Manual	NT Servic	
		SOL Server Integration Services 11.0	Provides m	Started	Automatic	NT Servic	
		SQL Server Reporting Services (MSSQLS	Manages,	Started	Automatic	NT Servic	
		SQL Server VSS Writer		Started	Automatic	Local System	
		SSDP Discovery	Discovers		Disabled	Local Service	<u>ار ا</u>
		System Event Notification Service	Monitors s	Started	Automatic	Local System	
		🖾 Task Scheduler	Enables a	Started	Automatic	Local System	
		CP/IP NetBIOS Helper	Provides s	Started	Automatic	Local Service	
		TeamViewer 11	TeamViewe	Started	Automatic	Local System	
		💁 Telephony	Provides T		Manual	Network S	
		Thread Ordering Server	Provides or		Manual	Local Service	
		TP AutoConnect Service	ThinPrint		Manual	Local System	
		TP VC Gateway Service	ThinPrint c		Manual	Local System	
		TPM Base Services	Enables ac		Manual	Local Service	
		UPnP Device Host	Allows UPn		Disabled	Local Service	
		🖏 User Profile Service	This servic	Started	Automatic	Local System	
	Extended Standard						_

2. Volume Shadow Copy

& Services						_	
File Action View	Help						
> -> 🖬 🖻 🖉	2 🛃 🛛 📷 🕨 🔳 🕕 🕨						
Services (Local)	🔕 Services (Local)						
	Volume Shadow Copy	Name 🔺	Description	Status	Startup Type	Log On As	-
		Sector Virtual Disk	Provides m		Manual	Local System	
	Start the service	San VMware Snapshot Provider	VMware Sn		Manual	Local System	
		Wware Tools Service	Provides s	Started	Automatic	Local System	
	Description:	Volume Shadow Copy	Manages a		Manual	Local System	
	Manages and implements Volume Shadow Copies used for backup and other	Sea Windows Audio	Manages a		Manual	Local Service	
	purposes. If this service is stopped,	Signal Windows Audio Endpoint Builder	Manages a		Manual	Local System	
	shadow copies will be unavailable for	San Windows CardSpace	Securely e		Manual	Local System	
	backup and the backup may fail. If this	System 🖓 Windows Color System	The WcsPl		Manual	Local Service	
	service is disabled, any services that explicitly depend on it will fail to start.	Windows Driver Foundation - User-mode	Manages u		Manual	Local System	
	explicitly depend on it will fail to start.	Service Windows Error Reporting Service	Allows erro		Manual	Local System	
		🍓 Windows Event Collector	This servic		Manual	Network S	
		🎑 Windows Event Log	This servic	Started	Automatic	Local Service	
		🏟 Windows Firewall	Windows Fi	Started	Automatic	Local Service	
		Windows Font Cache Service	Optimizes	Started	Automatic (D	Local Service	
		🔍 Windows Installer	Adds, modi		Manual	Local System	
		Windows Management Instrumentation	Provides a	Started	Automatic	Local System	
		Windows Modules Installer	Enables ins		Manual	Local System	
		Windows Presentation Foundation Font	Optimizes		Manual	Local Service	
		Windows Remote Management (WS-Man		Started	Automatic (D	Network S	
		Windows Time	Maintains d	Startoa	Manual	Local Service	
		Windows Update	Enables th	Started	Automatic (D	Local System	
		WinHTTP Web Proxy Auto-Discovery Ser		Startoa	Manual	Local Service	
		Wind AutoConfig	The Wired		Manual	Local System	
		WIPE Addocoming	Provides p		Manual	Local System	
		Workstation	Creates an	Started	Automatic	Network S	ł
	Extended Standard						-
	(Extended // Extended /						_

MS SQL Server Registry

Make sure the MS SQL entry is present in the registry key "HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Microsoft SQL Server\Instance Names\SQL".

🚮 Registry Editor _ 🗆 🗙 File Edit View Favorites Help 🗄 🌗 Internet Account Manager ▲ Name Туре Data 🗄 🍈 Internet Domains ab (Default) REG_SZ (value not set) 🗄 🍈 Internet Explorer MSSQLSERVER MSSQL11.MSSQLSERVER REG_SZ Microsoft SDKs 90 🗄 🚹 DACFramework ExceptionMessageBox 🚊 🌗 Instance Names 💧 OLAP RS 📔 🐌 SQL Hereit Microsoft Analysis Services ÷. MSAS11.MSSQLSERVER ÷ MSRS11.@Sharepoint ÷ MSRS11.MSSQLSERVER ÷ MSSOL11.MSSOLSERVER MSSQLServer ÷ ÷... RefCount + Reporting Services ÷ Services SharedManagementObjects ÷ ÷ 🚺 SqlDom ÷ sqlls ÷ 📔 SQLNCLIII ÷ SqlWriter E TSqlLanguageService Microsoft SQL Server 2005 Redist ÷ Þ

To access this path, type "regedit" in the command prompt to launch the Registry Editor.

Note: Pay extra attention when you are checking configuration in Registry Editor. Any unauthorized changes could cause interruption to the Windows operation.

Maximum Worker Thread

For SQL instance with large number of database (more than 500 databases), consider to increase the "Maximum Worker Thread" setting. Refer to the article below for further details. https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/database-engine/configure-windows/configure-the-max-worker-threads-server-configuration-option

MS SQL Recovery Model

ODBC backup mode supports transaction log backup for database with Full recovery model.

1. For database with Simple recovery mode, only full database and differential database backups can be performed.

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/relational-databases/backup-restore/recovery-models-sql-server

2. To perform a transaction log backup, please change the recovery model of corresponding databases from Simple to Full.

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/sql/relational-databases/backup-restore/view-or-change-the-recovery-model-of-a-database-sql-server

3 Best Practice and Recommendation

Considerations for Backing up and Restore of System Databases

Refer to the following tables for considerations for backup and restoration of system databases.

For backup of system databases

SQL server maintains a set of system level database which are essential for the operation of the server instance.

Several of the system databases must be backed up after every significant update, they include:

- 1. master
- 2. model
- 3. **msdb**
- 4. **distribution** (for SQL database with replication enabled only)

This table summarizes all of the system databases.

System	Description	Backup	Suggestion
master	The database that records all of the system level information of a SQL server system.	Yes	To back up any database, the instance of SQL server must be running. Startup of an instance of SQL server requires that the master database is accessible and at least party usable. Back up the master database as often as necessary to protect the data sufficiently for your business needs. Microsoft recommends a regular backup schedule, which you can supplement with manual backup after any substantial update.
model	The template for all databases that are created on the instance of SQL server.	Yes	Backup the model database only when necessary, for example, after customizing its database options. Microsoft recommends that you create only full database backups of model, as required. Because model is small and rarely changes, backing up the log is unnecessary.
msdb	The msdb database is used by SQL Server Agent for scheduling alerts and jobs, and for recording operators. It also contains history	Yes	Back up the msdb whenever it is updated.

	tables (e.g. backup / restore history table).		
tempdb	A workspace for holding temporary or intermediate result sets. This database is recreated every time an instance of SQL server is started.	No	The tempdb system database cannot be backed up.
distribution	The distribution database exists only if the server is configured as a replication distributor.	Yes	Replicated databases and their associated system databases should be backed up regularly.
	It stores metadata and history data for all types of replication, and transactions for transactional replication.		

For restore of system databases

System database	Restoration suggestion
master	To restore any database, the instance of SQL server must be running. Startup of an instance of SQL server requires that the master database is accessible and at least party usable. Restore or rebuild the master database completely if master becomes unusable.
model	 Restore the model database if: The master database has been rebuilt. The model database has been damaged, for example due to media failure. The model database has been modified, in this case, it is necessary to restore model from a backup when you rebuild master, because the Rebuild Master utility deletes and recreates model.
msdb	Restore the msdb database if the master database has been rebuilt.
distribution	For restore strategies of distribution database, please refer to the following online document from Microsoft for more details: http://msdn.microsoft.com/enus/library/ms152560.aspx

Best Practice and Recommendation

The following are some best practice and recommendation we strongly recommend you to follow before you start any MS SQL Server backup and restore.

- 1. For VSS backup mode, it is suggested to set the backup schedule to a time when system activity is low to achieve the best possible performance.
- 2. It is recommended to use ODBC backup mode for backup of database with a high volume of transaction, since such setup may require frequent backups. Transaction log backup (which is only supported by ODBC backup mode) can be performed periodically, and is less resource intensive than VSS based backup.
- 3. For maximum data protection and restore options, it is recommended to configure:
 - i. At least one offsite or cloud destination
 - ii. At least one local destination for fast recovery
- 4. Perform test restores periodically to ensure your backup is set up and performed properly. Performing recovery test can also help identify potential issues or gaps in your recovery plan. It is important that you do not try to make the test easier, as the objective of a successful test is not to demonstrate that everything is flawless. There might be flaws identified in the plan throughout the test and it is important to identify those flaws.
- 5. The Restore Raw File option is for advanced MS SQL Server administrator and should only be used if you have in-depth knowledge and understanding of your MS SQL Server, otherwise, it is not recommended to use this option as there are additional MS SQL techniques required to perform the manual restore.

4 Limitation

Standalone Environment Only

AhsayOBM does not support backup of MS SQL server in cluster environment, only standalone environment is supported.

VSS Backup Mode

- 1. Only support backup of database on local drive. Database on network drive is not supported.
- 2. VSS backup mode does not support transaction log backup, therefore, transaction log backup will have to be done manually. Or you can choose ODBC backup mode for transaction log backup.
- 3. In order to truncate transaction logs, you have to perform a manual log truncation, which could be time consuming.

File System for Database Snapshot

You cannot create database snapshots on FAT32 file system or RAW partitions. The sparse files used by database snapshots are provided by the NTFS file system.

SQL Server Version

1. Automated Restore Option

If you have chosen the automated restoration to the Original SQL server or Alternate SQL server of your selection, the restoration can only be done in a SQL server version that is the same as the one used for performing the backup.

2. Manual Raw-file Restore Option

If you have chosen to restore the raw file, the raw database file(s) can be manually restored to the same or newer SQL server version that you used to perform the backup.

Restoration to Other SQL Server

- 1. If you would like to restore database to an alternate SQL server, you can only choose to restore one database to restore at a time.
- 2. If you would like to restore database to an alternate SQL server, make sure you choose to restore raw file by enabling the checkbox **Restore raw file**.

5 Backup Mode

Starting from AhsayOBM v7.11.0.0, you can choose from one of the two backup modes when creating a backup set for MS SQL server. The information below provides you with more details on each backup mode.

Note

For MS SQL server backup sets which are upgraded from v6, the default backup mode will be ODBC.

VSS Mode

Introduction

VSS-based backup utilizing the Microsoft SQL Server VSS Writer to obtain a consistent snapshot of the MS SQL databases, no spooling / staging of database file(s) is required during the backup process.



(Diagram from Microsoft)

Temporary Folder Requirement

Location for temporary folder

The temporary directory folder is used by AhsayOBM for storing backup set index files and incremental/differential delta files. To ensure optimal backup/restoration performance, it is recommended that the temporary directory folder is set to a local drive. The temporary folder should not be located on Windows system partition or the database partition to minimize any potential performance impact on Windows and or database.

Temporary folder capacity

With VSS-based backup, the disk space of the temporary folder required for storing the VSS image is significantly smaller than using the ODBC spooling backup method. As the extra space is not require to hold the full database.

It is recommended that the temporary directory should have at least free disk space of 50% of the total database size. The rationale behind this recommended free disk space is the default in-file delta ratio settings is 50%, therefore AhsayOBM could generate incremental or differential delta file(s) of up to 50% of the total database size. The actual free disk

space required depends on various factors including the size of the database, number of backup destinations, backup frequency, in-file delta settings etc.

Pros

Fast and minimal interruption

The database snapshot capture process is fast and can be taken place on a running server, as you may continue to work when the snapshot capturing is taking place, there may be another process that holds your input in some memory section until the snapshot capture is completed. That said, the whole snapshot capture is fast, so there is no need for you to stop working and it causes minimal interruption to your business operation.

Significantly lesser disk burden

VSS Snapshot typically requires much less additional disk space than clones which is the traditional backup method by spooling database into the temporary folder. Often times, the capacity of the database to back up is huge and therefore the temporary folder would overload with the equal or even larger disk space if traditional backup method is used. By utilizing the VSS technology, it helps your system greatly reduce disk capacity burden and promote optimized performance.

Cons

No Transaction Log Backup

MS SQL does not support transaction log backup when VSS is used, therefore, transaction log backup will have to be done manually.

Workaround is time consuming

In order to truncate the transaction logs, you have to either change the Recovery model to Simple or perform a manual log truncation, which could be time consuming.

Transaction Log Handling

VSS based backup no longer requires backup of the transaction log files, however for databases configured in either full or bulk-logging recovery model, this may eventually result in transaction logs filling up the available disk space on the volume of the MS SQL Server. https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc966520.aspx.

To prevent this from occurring, it is recommended to change the recovery model of database selected for backup to simple recovery model.

Refer to the following steps for details:

- 1. In SQL Server Management Studio, expand **Databases**, select a user database, or expand **System Databases** and select a system database.
- 2. Right-click the corresponding database, then click **Properties** to open the **Database Properties** dialog box.
- 3. In the Select a page pane, click Options.
- 4. The current recovery model is displayed in the **Recovery model** list box. Modify the recovery model by selecting **Simple** from the model list.

Important: Only modify the recovery model of a live database during low activities hour. It is also recommended to perform a full backup before changing the recovery model.

For MS SQL Server setups where you cannot modify the recovery model of the database, please refer to <u>Appendix B</u> for details on how to truncate transaction log (e.g. perform a transaction log backup manually).



Support Point in Time Recovery

The ability to restore to a point in time for all of your transaction log backups.

> Support Backup of High Transaction Databases

For databases which supports a high number of transaction which may require frequent backups. Transaction log backups at regular intervals are more suitable and less resource intensive than VSS based backups, i.e. transaction log backup every 60 minutes, 30 minutes, 15 minutes etc depending on the database transaction volume.

Cons

> Large disk space required

Since the database files will be spooled to a temporary folder before uploading to backup destination, investment on hard disk could be high if your MS SQL database size is large.

> Slower backup process

By utilizing the conventional spooling method, it could take a long time to back up the database and the speed is subject to various factors, including database size, network transfer speed, backup frequency, etc.

6 Overview of MS SQL Server Backup Process

The following steps are performed during an SQL server backup job:

VSS Backup Mode



ODBC Backup Mode



7 Performing Backup for Microsoft SQL Server

Creating Backup Set for Microsoft SQL Server

1. Click the **Backup Sets** icon on the main interface of AhsayOBM.



- 2. Create a new backup set by clicking the "+" icon next to Add new backup set.
- 3. Select the Backup set type as MS SQL Server Backup.
 - Name enter a meaningful backup set name
 - Backup mode choose between VSS mode and ODBC mode. Refer to the <u>Backup</u> <u>Mode</u> section for details on the differences between the two modes.
 - Server AhsayOBM supports backup of multiple SQL instance in one backup set. In this Server drop-down menu, you can choose to back up multiple SQL instances or a specific instance of your choice.
 - **D** Login Enter the login ID for the chosen instance.
 - Password Enter the password for the chosen instance.

Click Next to proceed when you are done with the settings.

•	AhsayOBM	_ 🗆 X
	Create Backup Set	
	Name MS SQL Server Backup Set Name Backup set type MS SQL Server Backup Sackup mode VSS (without staging data; support full, differential and incremental backup) Server MSSQLSERVER Login ID login Password	
	Next	Cancel Help



4. In the **Backup Source** menu, select the database you would like to back up, then click **Next** to proceed.

If you have chosen to back up multiple SQL instances in the previous step, databases in all the chosen instances will be shown here.



5. In the Schedule menu, you can configure a backup schedule for backup job to run automatically at your specified time interval. Click **Add** to add a new schedule, then click **Next** to proceed when you are done with the settings.

	VSS Mode	ODBC Mode
Name	Name of the Backup Schedule	
Backup set type	 Full Differential Incremental Refer to <u>Appendix A</u> for details o set type. 	 Full Differential Transaction Log
Туре	Choose frequency for this backup schedule to occur	
Start backup at	Choose a time for this backup schedule to start	
Run Retention Policy after backup	Check this box if you wish to enable the Retention Policy setting	
Default setting	 Full Backup Schedule Full Backup / Every Friday at 23:00 Incremental Backup Schedule Incremental Backup Type / Mon-Thu every week at 23:00 	 Full Backup Schedule Full Backup / Every Friday at 23:00 Transaction Log Backup Schedule Transaction Log Backup Type / Mon-Thu every week at 23:00

0	AhsayOBM	- 🗆 X
	Schedule	
	Run scheduled backup for this backup set On Existing schedules Image: Schedule Schedule Image: Schedule Schedule Image: Incremental Backup Schedule Incremental; Weekly - Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday&Thursday (Every week at 23:00) Add	
	Previous Next Cancel	Help

6. In the Destination menu, select a backup destination where the backup database will be stored. Click the "+" icon next to **Add new storage destination / destination pool**.

0	AhsayOBM	- 🗆 X
	Destination	
	Backup mode Sequential	
	Existing storage destinations	
	+ Add new storage destination / destination pool	
	$\land \lor$	
	Previous Next Can	cel Help

7. Select the destination type and destination storage, then click **OK** to proceed.

0	AhsayOBM	D X
	New Storage Destination / Destination Pool	
	Name CBS	
	Type Single storage destination 	
	Destination storage	
	G CBS	
	OK Cancel H	Help
		icip-

For more information regarding backing up to cloud storage destination, refer to <u>Appendix C Cloud Storage as Backup Destination</u>.

8. Click **Next** on the Destination menu page to proceed.

0	AhsayOBM	_ D X
	Destination	
	Destination	
Backup mode		
Sequential 🖌		
Existing storage destinations		
CBS Host: 10.3.1.8:443		
Add		
~ ~		
	Previous Next Cance	I Help

9. In the Encryption window, the default **Encrypt Backup Data** option is enabled with an encryption key preset by the system which provides the most secure protection.

	Encryption
Encrypt Backup Data On	
Encryption Type	
Default 🗸 🗸	
Default	
User password	
Custom	

You can choose from one of the following three Encryption Type options:

- Default an encryption key with 44 alpha numeric characters will be randomly generated by the system
- User password the encryption key will be the same as the login password of your AhsayOBM at the time when this backup is created. Please be reminded that if you change the AhsayOBM login password later, the encryption keys of the backup sets previously created with this encryption type will remain unchanged.
- Custom you can customize your encryption key, where you can set your own algorithm, encryption key, method and key length.

	Encryption
Encrypt Backup Data On Encryption Type Custom Algorithm AES	
Encryption key	
Re-enter encryption key	
<pre>****** Method ECB OCBC Key length 128-bit O 256-bit</pre>	

Note: For best practice on managing your encryption key, refer to the following KB article. <u>https://forum.ahsay.com/viewtopic.php?f=169&t=14090</u>

Click Next when you are done setting.

10. If you have enabled the Encryption Key feature in the previous step, the following pop-up window shows, no matter which encryption key you have selected.

Encryption	
d to write this encryption key down on paper and keep it in 'ou will need it when you need to restore your files later. that you have done so.	
otion key	
Copy to clipboar	d Confirm
	d to write this encryption key down on paper and keep it in ou will need it when you need to restore your files later. that you have done so.

The pop-up window has the following three options to choose from:

Unmask encryption key – The encryption key is masked by default. Click this option to show the encryption key.

v			
	You are advised to write this encryption key down on paper and keep it i a safe place. You will need it when you need to restore your files late Please confirm that you have done so.		
	rcX1MBE4brnZO86eKOp6FeabuuRRi3qDXG9q5uBxF0s=		
	Mask encryption key		
		Copy to clipboard	Confirm

- Copy to clipboard Click to copy the encryption key, then you can paste it in another location of your choice.
- **Confirm** Click to exit this pop-up window and proceed to the next step.

11. Enter the Windows login credentials for user authentication. Click **Next** to proceed.

0	AhsayOBM	_ 🗆 X
	Windows User Authentication	
	Domain Name (e.g Ahsay.com) / Host Name	
	MSSQLSERVER	
	User name Administrator	
	Password	
	Previous Next	Cancel Help

12. The following screen shows when the new backup set is created successfully.



13. Click **Backup now** to start a backup immediately, or you can run a backup job later by following the instructions in <u>Running Backup Job for Microsoft SQL Server</u>.

Running Backup Job for Microsoft SQL Server

- 1. Log in to AhsayOBM.
- 2. Click the Backup icon on the main interface of AhsayOBM.



3. Select the backup set which you would like to start a backup for.



4. Select the Backup set type. For more details regarding the Backup set type & In-file delta type, refer to <u>Appendix A Backup Set Type</u>.

For VSS Backup Mode



For ODBC Backup Mode



transaction log backup for backup sets created on v6 for the **FIRST TIME**, a full backup will be performed instead. As the disk space required for running a full backup set may significantly be larger than running a transaction log backup, make sure the backup destination has enough quota to accommodate the full backup.

If you would like to modify the In-File Delta type (for Full backup set type only), Destinations and Retention Policy settings, click **Show advanced option**.

Choose Your Backup Options
MS SQL Server Backup Set Name
Backup set type Full Differential Incremental
In-File Delta type Full Differential Incremental
Destinations Image: CBS (Host: 10.3.1.8:443)
Retention Policy
Hide advanced option

5. Click **Backup** to start the backup.

Configuring Backup Schedule for Automated Backup

1. Click the **Backup Sets** icon on the AhsayOBM main interface.



- 2. Select the backup set that you want to create a backup schedule for.
- 3. Click **Backup Schedule**, then create a new backup schedule by clicking **Add**.
- 4. Configure the backup schedule settings, then click **OK** to proceed.
- 5. Click **Save** to confirm your settings.
8 Restoring Backup for Microsoft SQL Server

Restoring Backup for Microsoft SQL Server

- 1. In the AhsayOBM main interface, click the **Restore** icon.
- 2. Select the backup set that you would like to restore.

0	AhsayOBM	_ D X
	Please Select The Backup Set To Restor	9
	MS SQL Server Backup Set Name Owner: MSSQLSERVER Last Backup: 19-July-2016, Tuesday, 11:52	
	Close	Help

3. Select the backup destination that you would like to restore data from.





- 4. Select the database(s) or raw file(s) you would like to restore. You can also choose to restore backed up database or raw file from a specific backup job of your choice using the Select what to restore drop-down menu at the top. Click Next to proceed when you are done with the selection.
 - Restoring database expand the menu tree to select which database to restore.
 Follow 5a below to select restoring to the original SQL server or an alternate SQL server.

0	AhsayOBM	_ D X
Select Your	Databases To B	e Restored
Choose from files as of job	♥ 2016-07-19 ♥ Latest ♥	
Folders	240 P	2016-07-15 23:10 KB 2016-07-15 23:10 KB 2016-07-19 13:36
Restore raw file	Items per page 50	✓ Page 1/1 ✓
		Previous Next Cancel Help

Restoring raw file - you can select individual raw database file to restore by clicking the Restore raw file checkbox at the left bottom corner. Follow 5b below to select the path where you would like to restore the raw file(s) to.

0	Ahs	sayOBM	_ _ ×
Se	Select Your Databa	ases To Be	Restored
	Folders Ø MSDBDatamdf ● @ CGS Ø Ø MSDBLog.ldf ● ③ MSSQLSERVER (SQL SØ Ø Ø MSDB.log.ldf ● ③ model ● ④ model ● ● @ MSDB.og.ldf ● ● model ● ● @ model ● ● @ MSDB.og.ldf ● Ø model ● Ø DUETC.client, OÅ ● Ø ReportServerTemp ● Ø test	lame Size 14,080 768 KB 240 KB 11 KB	Date modified 2016-07-15 23:10 2016-07-19 13:36 2016-07-19 13:36
	☑ Restore raw file Search	Items per page 50 💊	• Page 1/1 •
		Previ	ous Next Cancel Help

Limitations:

- If you would like to restore database with the Alternate location option, you can only choose to restore one database at a time.
- If you would like to restore database to an alternate SQL server with the Restore raw file option, make sure you have checked the Restore raw file option.
- 5. Select the destination to restore. Refer to 5a or 5b below for steps to restore the database automatically (Restore database to Original/Alternate location) or manually (Restore raw file).
 - **5a.** Select to restore the database to its Original SQL server, or to an Alternate SQL server.
 - Restore to Original SQL server

Select the Original location option, then press Next to proceed.



- Restore to Alternate SQL server (only for restoring raw file)
 - i. Select the Alternate location option, then press Next.



ii. Click **Browse** to select the locations where you would like to restore the database and log files to. Name the new database, then.

	Alternate database	
Database name		
Original Name	New Location	
2000.mdf	D:\Microsoft SQL Server\MSSQL11.MSSQLSERVER\MSSQL\DATA	Browse
2000_log.ldf	D:\Microsoft SQL Server\MSSQL11.MSSQLSERVER\MSSQL\DATA	Browse

iii. Click **Next** to proceed when you are done with the settings.

5b. i) If you have chosen to restore raw file, choose the location path where you would like the raw file(s) to be restored to. Click **Next** to proceed.

Ο	AhsayOBM	
Choose Where	The Databases	To Be Restored
Restore databases to		Browse
		Previous Next Cancel Help

- ii) Restore the database manually with the restored database file via the SQL Server Management Studio. Refer to the MS KB article below for instructions. <u>https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms177429%28v=sql.110%29.aspx</u>
- 6. Select the temporary directory for storing temporary files, such as delta files when they are being merged, click **Restore** to start the restoration.

0	AhsayOBM	_ D X
	Temporary Directory	
	Temporary directory for storing restore files C:\TemporaryBackupData Browse	
	Previous Restore Ca	ncel Help



7. The following screen with the text **Restore Completed Successfully** shows when the restoration is completed.



9 Contacting Ahsay

Technical Assistance

To contact Ahsay support representatives for technical assistance, visit the following website: <u>https://www.ahsay.com/jsp/en/contact/kbQuestion.jsp</u>

Also use the Ahsay Knowledge Base for resource such as Hardware Compatibility List, Software Compatibility List, and other product information: <u>https://forum.ahsay.com</u>

Documentation

Documentations for all Ahsay products are available at: <u>https://www.ahsay.com/jsp/en/home/index.jsp?pageContentKey=ahsay_downloads_documentation_guides</u>

You can send us suggestions for improvements or report on issues in the documentation, by contacting us at: https://www.ahsay.com/jsp/en/contact/kbQuestion.jsp

Please specify the specific document title as well as the change required/suggestion when contacting us.

Appendix

Appendix A Backup Set Type

There are three kinds of backup set type to choose from, namely the full backup, differential backup and incremental backup. The information below gives you an overall idea of what each backup set type is like.

Full backup (with configurable in-file delta type)

MS SQL Server Backup Set Name	
Backup set type • Full • Differential • Incremental Show advanced option	

To perform a full backup, AhsayOBM requests the SQL server to generate a Volume Shadow Copy Service (VSS) snapshot of the database. AhsayOBM will back up the VSS snapshot generated by the SQL server directly. A full backup is required in order to run incremental or differential backups.

You can also decide how the full backup is run by selecting the desired in-file delta type (Full, Differential or Incremental).

For further details on this topic, refer to the URL below. https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms175477.aspx

Differential backup

MS SQL Server Backup Set Name	
Backup set type Full Differential Incremental Show advanced option	

A differential backup of the SQL server saves changes to the database that have occurred since the last full backup. To perform a differential backup, AhsayOBM requests the SQL server to generate a differential backup file of the database since the last full backup. At the back end, the SQL server performs the following:

- 1. Generate a VSS snapshot of the database of the current state.
- 2. Compare the VSS snapshot just generated by the SQL server with the one generated from the last full backup in order to produce a differential backup file.
- 3. The differential backup file being sent to AhsayOBM for backup.

Using a differential backup file to recover a database requires the restoration of only two data sets - the last full backup and the most recent differential backup.

The disadvantage of using differential backups is that it duplicates the backed up data in each backup until a full backup is performed. If there are many differential backups taken between full backups, the storage space required can greatly exceed that required by the same number of incremental backups. The SQL server does not allow a differential backup to occur when there has been no previous full backup to establish the starting point.

For further details on this topic, refer to the URL below. https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms186289.aspx

Incremental backup



An incremental backup of the SQL server saves changes to the database that have occurred since the last full or incremental backup. To perform an incremental backup, AhsayOBM requests the SQL server to generate a differential backup file of the database since the last full backup. At the back end, the SQL server performs the following:

- 1. Generate a VSS snapshot of the database of the current state.
- 2. Compare the VSS snapshot just generated with the one generated from the last full backup in order to produce a differential backup file.
- 3. The differential backup file being sent to AhsayOBM.
- 4. AhsayOBM performs an in-file delta check between the differential backup file just received from the SQL server and the one from the last backup.
- 5. AhsayOBM will then be able to generate an incremental delta file which contains changes of the database files since last differential backup. Only this incremental delta file will be backed up.

Using an incremental backup to recover a database requires the restoration of at least two data sets - the last full backup and every incremental backup taken after the last Full backup. The benefit of using incremental backups is that the individual backups are much smaller than a full backup and individual incremental backups are frequently smaller than differential backups.

The disadvantage of using incremental backups is that if there are many incremental backups made between full backups, recovering the storage group may involve recovering many incremental backups. The SQL server does not allow an incremental backup to occur when there has been no previous full backup to establish the starting point.

Transaction log



Every SQL Server database has a transaction log that records all transactions and the database modifications made by each transaction. The transaction log is a critical component of the database. If there is a system failure, you will need that log to bring your database back to a consistent state.

If you have chosen to back up in ODBC mode, you can configure schedule backup to back up the transaction log regularly at a time interval of your choice.

Important

Upon upgrade to AhsayCBS v7 from AhsayOBS v6, when attempting to run a transaction log backup for backup sets created on v6 for the **FIRST TIME**, a full backup will be performed instead. As the disk space required for running a full backup set may significantly be larger than running a transaction log backup, make sure the backup destination has enough quota to accommodate the full backup.

Appendix B Truncating Transaction Log

The instructions below only apply for database with full recovery model.

Since AhsayOBM 7 utilize VSS-based backup, which does not support log backup (<u>https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc966520.aspx</u>), transaction log of database in full / bulk-logging recovery model may eventually fill up all disk space available on the volume

Below are steps to perform a log backup in the SQL Server Management Studio. For further details on this topic, refer to the URL below.

https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms179478.aspx

- 1. Launch SQL Server Management Studio in Windows.
- 2. Select the SQL server you would like to connect to, and the corresponding authentication method, then click **Connect** to proceed.

e ^j	Connect to Server	x		
SQL Server:2012				
Server type:	Database Engine	~		
Server name:	MSSQLSERVER	~		
Authentication:	Windows Authentication	¥		
User name:	MSSQLSERVER\Administrator			
Password:				
	Remember password			
Connect	Cancel Help Options >	>		

3. Expand the menu tree and select the desired database you would like to back up.



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4. Right click the database name, then go to **Tasks** > **Back Up**. The Back Up Database dialog box shows.



5. In the **Source** section, confirm the database name, then select Transaction Log in the **Backup type** drop-down menu.

Ū	Back Up Databas	e - model		_ D X
Select a page General Options	🔄 Script 🔻 📑 Help			
	Source Database: Recovery model: Backup type: Copy-only Backup Backup component:		model FULL Transaction Log	~
	Database Files and filegroups: Backup set Name: Description: Backup set will expire:		ion Log Backup	
Connection Server:	 After: On: 	0 7/22/2016	days	
MSSQLSERVER Connection: MSSQLSERVER\Administrator	Destination Back up to: O	Disk	• Tape	Add
Progress Ready				Contents
			ОК	Cancel

6. In the **Backup set** section, name the backup set and enter a description of the backup set if needed.

Configure the Backup set to expire after a specified number of day or on a specified date.	Set
to 0 day if you do not want the backup set to expire	

Ū	Back Up Database	e - model		_ D X
Select a page General Options	🔄 Script 🔻 📑 Help			
	Source			
	Database:		model	~
	Recovery model:		FULL	
	Backup type:		Full	~
	Copy-only Backup			
	Backup component:			
	 Database 			
	O Files and filegroups:			
	Backup set			
	Name:	Backup Set Na	me	
	Description:			
	Backup set will expire:			
Connection	After:	0	🗘 days	
Server:	O 0n:	7/22/2016		
MSSQLSERVER	Destination		0	
Connection: MSSQLSERVER\Administrator	Back up to:	Disk	🔘 Tape	
View connection properties				Add
Progress				Remove
Ready				Contents
			ОК	Cancel

7. Select **Disk** or **Tape** as the destination of the backup, then click **Add** to select a destination path.

U	Back Up Database - model				x	
Select a page	🔄 Script 🔻 🛐 Help					
Options	Source					
	Database:		model			~
	Recovery model:		FULL			
	Backup type:		Full			~
	Copy-only Backup					
	Backup component:					
	 Database 					
	O Files and filegroups:					
	Backup set					
	Name:	Backup Set Na	ime			
	Description:					
	Backup set will expire:					
Connection	After:	0	•	days		
Server:	On:	7/22/2016				
MSSQLSERVER	Destination					
Connection: MSSQLSERVER\Administrator	Back up to:	Disk	() Tape		
View connection properties					Add	
					Remov	e
Progress						
Ready					Content	ts
				OK	Cance	e

8. After selecting the destination path and naming the backup file, then click **OK** twice to proceed.

U Locate Database	Files - MSSQLSERVER		x
Select the file:			
Select the file. C: C: File	Settings 36) Information upData		
Selected path:	C:\Documents and Settings		
Files of type:	Backup Files(*.bak;*.tm)		~
File name:	Transaction log backup		
	ОК	Cance	1

9. Click **OK** to start the transaction log backup when you are done with all the necessary settings in the **Back Up Database** dialog box.

U	Back Up Database - model 📃 🗖			_ 🗆 X	
Select a page	🔄 Script 👻 📭 Help				
General General					
	Source				
	Database:		model		
	Recovery model: Backup type: Copy-only Backup		FULL		
			Transaction Log		
	Backup component:				
	 Database 				
	O Files and filegroups:				
	Backup set				
	Name:	Backup Set Na	me		
	Description:				
	Backup set will expire:				
Connection	After:	0		days	
Server:	O On:	7/22/2016			
MSSQLSERVER	Destination	Diale	0	Tana	
Connection: MSSQLSERVER\Administrator	Back up to: Disk Tape D:\Microsoft SQL Server\MSSQL11.MSSQLSERVER\MSSQL\Backup\Transi				
View connection properties	D. MICIOSOIL SQL Server MISSQL	III.MOOQLOENVI		up (manse	Add
					Remove
Progress	< 111			>	Tioniove .
Ready					Contents
	1			ОК	Cancel

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Appendix C Cloud Storage as Backup Destination

For most cloud storage provider (e.g. Dropbox, Google Drive ... etc.), you need to allow access AhsayOBM to access the cloud destination. Click **OK** / **Test**, you will be prompted to log in to the corresponding cloud service.

Important: The authentication request will be opened in a new tab / window on the browser, ensure that the pop-up tab / window is not blocked (e.g. pop-up blocker in your browser).

	- Ahsay would like to:	
4	View and manage the files in your Google Drive	0
with the	ng Allow, you allow this app and Google to use your information respective terms of service and privacy policies. You can char count Permissions at any time.	
	Deny	Allow

Click **Allow** to permit AhsayOBM to access the cloud storage.

Enter the authentication code returned in AhsayOBM to complete the destination setup.

Note: A backup destination can be set to a supported cloud storage, backup server, FTP / SFTP server, network storage, or local / removable drive on your computer.

Multiple backup destinations can be configured for a single backup set. In fact it is recommended for you to setup at least 2 backup destinations for your backup set.

For more details on backup destination, for example which cloud service providers are supported, destination type, or limitation, you can refer to the following KB article: <u>https://forum.ahsay.com/viewtopic.php?f=169&t=14049</u>

Appendix D Uninstall AhsayOBM

Refer to the Appendix of the AhsayOBM Quick Start Guide for the corresponding operating system for details on how to uninstall AhsayOBM:

https://www.ahsay.com/jsp/en/home/index.jsp?pageContentKey=ahsay_downloads_documentation_g uides

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